



# Material Safety Data Sheet

95 Goodwin Street, East Hartford, CT., 06108 (860) 528-9838

Date Prepared 9/1/2008

## SECTION I - IDENTIFICATION

IDENTITY (As Used on Label) **Poly-Crete MD, HF, and TF/WR Hardener**

COMMON NAME Aromatic Isocyanate

HAZARD RATING	Health	2
0 = Least	Flammability	1
1 = Slight	Reactivity	1
2 = Moderate	Personal Protection	G
3 = High		
4 = Extreme		

## SECTION II - PRODUCT COMPONENTS

	CAS.#	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
Polyisocyanate based on MDI	Trade Secret <sup>1</sup>	NE <sup>2</sup>	NE
4,4-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate	101-68-8	0.02 ppm	0.005 ppm

<sup>1</sup>The manufacturer of the component states that they will provide additional information to a health professional in the event of a medical emergency.

<sup>2</sup>None Established

T.S.C.A. Status - O.K. on all above components.

**\*FOR SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, OR ACCIDENT, CALL CHEMTREC 24-HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER 1-800-424-9300\***

## SECTION III - PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Boiling Point	392°F	Specific Gravity (H2O = 1)	1.24
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	<10 <sup>-5</sup> @77F	Melting Point	NE
Vapor Density (AIR = 1)	8.5	Evaporation rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	NE
Volatile Organic Compounds	0 g/L		
Solubility in Water	Reacts slowly with water to liberate CO <sub>2</sub> gas		
Appearance and Odor	Dark Amber liquid. Faint Aromatic odor.		

## SECTION IV - FIRE and EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point (Closed Cup Method)	>400°F	Flammable Limits	LEL	UEL
			NA	NA

Extinguishing Media Dry Chemicals, CO<sub>2</sub>, Universal Type Foam, Water Fog

Special Firefighting Procedures

Wear full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus. Water spray may be useful in minimizing vapors and cooling containers exposed to heat and flame. Avoid spreading burning liquid with H<sub>2</sub>O used for cooling purposes.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

MDI vapors and other irritating, highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. At temperatures greater than 400F, polymeric MDI can polymerize and decompose which can cause pressure build-up in containers. Explosive rupture is possible. Cold water can cool fire-exposed containers.

## SECTION V - REACTIVITY DATA

Stability	Unstable		Conditions to Avoid
	Stable	X	Keep containers closed when not in use.
Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid)	Water, amines, strong bases, alcohols. copper alloys and aluminum, zinc.		
Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts	Fire: Carbon monoxide, oxides of Nitrogen, traces of HCN, MDI vapors or aerosols.		
Hazardous Polymerization	May Occur	X	Conditions to Avoid Contact with moisture, other materials which react with isocyanates, or temperatures above 400 F may cause polymerization.
	Will Not Occur		

## SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Route(s) of Entry:	Inhalation?	Skin?	Ingestion?
	Yes	YES	Yes

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure Irritation and redness of skin and eyes. Breathing difficulty.

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic) ACUTE Inhalation can cause nasal and respiratory irritation, dizziness, headache, nausea.

Also, runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort and reduced lung function. CHRONIC Inhalation-isocyanate sensitization can develop

which can persist for weeks or years. Overexposure can cause lung damage which may be permanent. ACUTE Skin-isocyanates react with skin

protein and cause irritation. CHRONIC Skin-prolonged contact can cause reddening, swelling, scaling, rash, blistering and skin sensitization. ACUTE

Eye-tearing, reddening, swelling if untreated, corneal damage can result.

Carcinogenicity:	NTP?	IARC Monographs?	OSHA Regulated?
	NO	NO	NO

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure

Respiratory disorders (asthma, bronchitis, emphysema, bronchial hyperactivity), skin allergies, eczema.

Emergency and First Aid Procedures

EYES - Flush with water, holding lids open for 15 minutes or more. Call physician for advice if necessary.

Skin - remove contaminate clothing. Clean affected area with mild soap and water. If irritation or redness develops, seek medical attention.

INHALATION - move person away from source of exposure and into fresh air. If person is not breathing, give artificial respiration and seek medical attention immediately. If breathing difficulty develops, give oxygen and seek medical attention immediately.

Ingestion-DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give 1 to 2 cups of milk or water to drink. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Consult physician

**\*\*NOTE\*\* PERSONS WITH LUNG DISORDERS OR WHO ARE SENSITIZED SHOULD NOT USE THIS PRODUCT.**

## SECTION VII - CONTROL MEASURES

Respiratory Protection (Specify Type) Use NIOSH approved respirator as outlined in 30CFR11 and 29CFR 1910.134

effective for solvent and diisocyanate vapors. Use SCBA or air-supplied respirators when TLV/PEL is exceeded.

Ventilation	Local Exhaust	Use in confined areas.	Special	Sensitized persons must not inhale vapors
	Mechanical	Must be sufficient to maintain area below established TLV/PEL.		

Protective Gloves Neoprene rubber gloves. Eye Protection Splash proof goggles.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment

Use other protective equipment such as rubber aprons and a face shield if danger of splashing is possible.

Eye wash station or clear water must be readily available. ENFORCE GOOD HYGIENE PRACTICES. No smoking or open lights in work area. Exposure to liquid, vapors, mists or fumes must be minimized. Use air supplied respirators in enclosed areas and when PEL/TLV is higher than established level.

Work/Hygienic Practices Launder contaminated clothing before use. Dispose contaminated leather shoes

## SECTION VIII - PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled Evacuate and ventilate spill area; dike spill to prevent entry into water system; wear full protective equipment, including respiratory equipment during clean-up. Absorb isocyanates with sawdust or another absorbent, shovel into unsealed containers, transport to a well-ventilated area. Decontaminate floor area.

Waste Disposal Method

Incineration in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storing Store in tightly closed containers to prevent moisture contamination. Do not reseal if contamination is suspected. Do not breathe aerosols or vapors. This material can cause asthmatic sensitization upon single exposure.

Other Precautions Exposure to vapors of heated MDI can be extremely dangerous.

Prepared by Samet Dy - Urethane Chemist

**PLEASE NOTE** "The above information is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, since data, safety standards, and government regulations are subject to change and the conditions of handling and use, or misuse, are beyond our control, Dur-A-Flex, Inc. MAKES NO WARRANTY, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH RESPECT TO THE COMPLETENESS OR CONTINUING ACCURACY OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN AND DISCLAIMS ALL LIABILITY FOR RELIANCE THEREON. User should satisfy himself that he has all current data relevant to his particular use."



# Material Safety Data Sheet

95 Goodwin Street, East Hartford, CT., 06108 (860) 528-9838

Date Prepared 9/1/2008

## SECTION I - IDENTIFICATION

**IDENTITY (As Used on Label)** Poly-Crete MD, HF and TF/WR Resin

**COMMON NAME** POLYOL-PIGMENT BLEND

HAZARD RATING	Health	1
0 = Least	Flammability	1
1 = Slight	Reactivity	0
2 = Moderate	Personal Protection	B
3 = High		
4 = Extreme		

## SECTION II - PRODUCT COMPONENTS

	CAS.#	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
Polyester-ether polyol dispersed in water	Proprietary <sup>2</sup>	NE <sup>1</sup>	N.E.
Phthalate/Diluents Ester	Proprietary	N.E.	N.E.
Surfactant	Proprietary	N.E.	N.E.
Rutile Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Inorganic Iron Oxides	1309-37-1	10mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	3.5mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust)	3.5mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust)

<sup>1</sup>None Established.

<sup>2</sup>The manufacturer of the component states that they will provide additional information to a health professional in the event of a medical emergency.

T.S.C.A. Status - O.K. on all above components.

**\*FOR SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, OR ACCIDENT, CALL CHEMTREC 24-HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER 1-800-424-9300\***

## SECTION III - PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Boiling Point	212°F	Specific Gravity (H2O = 1)	>1
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	N/A	Melting Point	N/A
Vapor Density (AIR = 1)	>1	Evaporation rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	<1
Volatile Organic Compounds	0 g/L		
Solubility in Water	Dispersable		
Appearance and Odor	Viscous Liquid. Color varies upon desired shade. Faint Aromatic Odor.		

## SECTION IV - FIRE and EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point (Closed Cup Method)	540°F	Flammable Limits	LEL	UEL
			N / A	N / A

Extinguishing Media Foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, water spray.

Special Firefighting Procedures

Wear full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

Combustion products may be toxic. Cool storage containers with water spray to prevent pressure build-up that may rupture the containers.

## SECTION V - REACTIVITY DATA

Stability	Unstable		Conditions to Avoid
	Stable	X	None known

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid) Strong Oxidants.

Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts Burning will produce toxic fumes.

Hazardous Polymerization	May Occur		Conditions to Avoid
	Will Not Occur	X	Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agent.

## SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Route(s) of Entry:	Inhalation?	Skin?	Ingestion?
	No	Yes	Yes

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure Irritation of skin..

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic)

ACUTE - Irritation of skin and dermatitis.

CHRONIC - Repeated over-exposure may cause skin irritation, dermatitis and sensitization.

Sensitized persons may experience rapid irritation of skin upon exposure.

NOTE: Persons with lung disorders or who are sensitized should not use this product.

Carcinogenicity:	NTP?	IARC Monographs?	OSHA Regulated?
	No	No	No

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure

Allergy , skin disorders.

Emergency and First Aid Procedures

EYES - Flush with water, holding lids open for 15 minutes or more. Call physician for advice if necessary.

SKIN - Promptly wash with soap and water. Do not wash with solvents. Seek medical advice if irritation develops or persists.

INHALATION - Not a likely route of entry. Although this product is not known to cause respiratory problems, if breathing is difficult move to fresh air and provide oxygen

INGESTION - Get medical attention immediately. Never give liquids to an unconscious or convulsing person.

## SECTION VII - CONTROL MEASURES

Respiratory Protection (Specify Type)

Provide adequate exhaust ventilation; use a NIOSH approved respirator if PELs/TLVs are exceeded.

Ventilation	Local Exhaust	If needed.	Special	None known.
	Mechanical	Adequate exhaust ventilation must exhaust away from applicator.		

Protective Gloves Natural Rubber or Neoprene Eye Protection Splash goggles or face shield.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment

Use rubber apron, face shield and appropriate, clothing to prevent contact with skin. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated leather shoes and canvas sneakers. Protective skin creams may help, but gloves must still be worn. Clean-up with soap and water. An eye wash station or an adequate supply of clean water must be available at work area.

Work/Hygenic Practices Enforce careful handling to prevent splashing. Wash thoroughly after use.

## SECTION VIII - PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled

Wear protective equipment to prevent exposure. Stop spill and dike to prevent spreading. Cover spill with absorbent materials and collect into containers. Clean contaminated area with detergent and water or a steam cleaner for best results.

Waste Disposal Method:

Dispose in accordance with Federal, State and Local requirements.

Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storing

Keep containers tightly closed when not in use.

Other Precautions None known.

Prepared by Samet Dy - Urethane Chemist

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Date Prepared 9/1/2008

## SECTION I - IDENTIFICATION

IDENTITY (As Used on Label) **Poly-Crete HF Accelerator**

COMMON NAME Polyol Cross-Linker

HAZARD RATING	Health	2
0 = Least	Flammability	1
1 = Slight 2 = Moderate	Reactivity	1
3 = High 4 = Extreme	Personal Protection	G

## SECTION II - PRODUCT COMPONENTS

Modified Polyol	CAS.#	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
Trade Secret <sup>1</sup>		NE <sup>2</sup>	NE
Water	7732-18-5	NE	NE

<sup>1</sup>The manufacturer of these component states that they will provide additional information to a health professional in the event of an emergency.

<sup>2</sup>Not Established

T.S.C.A. Status - O.K. on all components

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## SECTION III - PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Boiling Point	at 760mm Hg	N/A	Specific Gravity (H2O = 1)	1.03
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)		N/A	Melting Point	N/A
Vapor Density (AIR = 1)		N/A	Evaporation rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	N/A
Solubility in Water	Completely Soluble			
Appearance and Odor	Clear liquid. Mild odor.			

## SECTION IV - FIRE and EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point (Closed Cup Method)	400°F	Flammable Limits	LEL	UEL
			N/A	N/A

Extinguishing Media Water Fog, Foam, CO2 or Dry Chemical

Special Firefighting Procedures

Wear full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

Combustion products may be toxic. Cool storage containers with water spray to prevent pressure build-up that may rupture the containers. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because product (even just empty) can ignite explosively.

## SECTION V - REACTIVITY DATA

Stability	Unstable		Conditions to Avoid
	Stable	X	Exposure to moisture and temperatures >80°F
Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid)		Avoid moisture to protect product quality	
Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts		CO and CO2	
Hazardous Polymerization	May Occur		Conditions to Avoid
	Will Not Occur	X	NONE KNOWN.

## SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Route(s) of Entry:	Inhalation?	Skin?	Ingestion?
	YES	YES	YES

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure Irritation of skin.

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic)

ACUTE - Irritation of skin.

CHRONIC - repeated overexposure may cause severe skin irritation, dermatitis and sensitization.

Carcinogenicity:	NTP?	IARC Monographs?	OSHA Regulated?
	NO	NO	NO

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure

Allergy, skin disorders.

Emergency and First Aid Procedures

EYES - Flush with water, holding lids open for 15 minutes or more. Call physician for advice if necessary.

SKIN- Promptly wash with soap and water. Do not wash with solvents. Seek medical advice if irritation develops or persists.

INHALATION- Move person to fresh air if effects occur. If needed, give oxygen or artificial respiration to improve breathing. Consult physician.

INGESTION - Get medical attention immediately. Never give liquids to an unconscious or convulsing person.

**\*\*NOTE\*\* PERSONS WITH LUNG DISORDERS OR WHO ARE SENSITIZED SHOULD NOT USE THIS PRODUCT.**

## SECTION VII - CONTROL MEASURES

Respiratory Protection (Specify Type)

Provide adequate exhaust ventilation; use a NIOSH - approved respirator if PELs/TLVs are exceeded.

Ventilation	Local Exhaust	If needed.	Special	None Known.
	Mechanical	Adequate exhaust ventilation must exhaust AWAY from applicator.		

Protective Gloves Natural or Neoprene gloves. Eye Protection Splash goggles or face shield.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment

Use rubber apron, face shield and appropriate clothing to prevent contact with skin. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated leather shoes and canvas sneakers. Protective skin creams help cleaning with soap and water, gloves must still be worn. An eye wash station and adequate supply of clean water must be available at work area.

Work/Hygienic Practices Enforce careful handling to prevent splashing. Wash thoroughly after use.

## SECTION VIII - PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled

Wear protective equipment to prevent exposure. Stop spill and dike to prevent spreading. Cover spill with absorbent materials and collect into containers. Clean contaminated area with detergent and water or a steam cleaner for best results.

Waste Disposal Method

Dispose in accordance with Federal, State and Local requirements.

Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storing

Keep containers tightly closed when not in use.

Other Precautions None Known.

Prepared by Samet A Dy - Urethane Chemist

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Date Prepared 9/1/2008

## SECTION I - IDENTIFICATION

IDENTITY (As Used on Label) Poly-Crete MD, TC, SL, HF, TF and WR Aggregate

COMMON NAME Sand/Cement Aggregate

HAZARD RATING	Health	3
0 = Least	Flammability	0
1 = Slight	Reactivity	0
2 = Moderate	Personal Protection	G
3 = High		
4 = Extreme		

## SECTION II - PRODUCT COMPONENTS

CAS.#	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
Crystalline Silica (Quartz) <sup>1</sup>	14808-60-7	10mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		%SiO <sub>2</sub> +2
Portland Cement	65997-15-1	10mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		Total Dust Total Dust
Calcium/Magnesium Hydroxide	39445-23-3	15mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		Total Dust Total Dust

<sup>1</sup>Crystalline silica can be a lung injury and cancer hazard. Do not breathe dust. May cause delayed lung injury. Long term exposure can cause silicosis, a respiratory disease which can result in a delayed, disabling, and sometimes fatal lung injury. Crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can from occupational sources can cause cancer in humans. Risk of injury is dependent on the duration and level of exposure.

T.S.C.A. Status - O.K.

**\*FOR SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, OR ACCIDENT, CALL CHEMTREC 24-HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER 1-800-424-9300\***

## SECTION III - PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Boiling Point	4,000°F	Specific Gravity (H <sub>2</sub> O = 1)	>1
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	N/A	Melting Point	3,000°F
Vapor Density (AIR = 1)	N/A	Evaporation rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	N/A
Volatile Organic Compounds	0 g/L		
Solubility in Water	INSOLUBLE		
Appearance and Odor	Naturally rounded sand. Various sizes. No odor.		

## SECTION IV - FIRE and EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point (Closed Cup Method)	N/A	Flammable Limits	LEL	UEL
			N/A	N/A
Extinguishing Media	N/A			
Special Firefighting Procedures				
N/A				
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards				
N/A				

## SECTION V - REACTIVITY DATA

Stability	Unstable		Conditions to Avoid
	Stable	X	NONE KNOWN.
Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid)	Hydrofluoric Acid and powerful oxidizing agents.		
Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts	NONE KNOWN.		
Hazardous Polymerization	May Occur		Conditions to Avoid
	Will Not Occur	X	NONE KNOWN.

## SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Route(s) of Entry:	Inhalation?	Skin?	Ingestion?
	Yes	NO	NO
Signs and Symptoms of Exposure	Shortness of breath and reduced pulmonary function.		
Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic)	ACUTE - NO SYMPTOMS. CHRONIC - excessive inhalation of dust may result in respiratory disease such as silicosis, pulmonary fibrosis, etc. The IARC has evaluated in Vol.42 (monographs) that there is "sufficient evidence for the Carcinogenicity of crystalline silica dust to experimental animal" and "limited evidence" with respect to humans.		
Carcinogenicity:	NTP?	IARC Monographs?	OSHA Regulated?
	Yes (Respirable Silica)	YES*Level 2A Grouping	NO
Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure	Lung disorders and persons subject to eye irritation.		
Emergency and First Aid Procedures	EYES - Flush with water, holding lids open for 15 minutes or more. Call physician for advice if necessary. SKIN - PROMPTLY wash with soap and water. DO NOT wash with solvents. Seek medical advice if irritation develops or persists. INHALATION - Move person to fresh area if effects occur. If needed, give oxygen or artificial respiration to improve breathing. Consult physician. INGESTION - Expected to be slightly toxic by ingestion. If swallowed, induce vomiting immediately as directed by a physician. Get medical attention immediately. Never give liquids to an unconscious or convulsing person. OTHER HEALTH EFFECTS - Medical conditions which may be aggravated by exposure to this product include, conjunctivitis of the eye, dermatitis of the skin, asthma and respiratory diseases.Sensitization may occur by skin contact. <b>**NOTE**</b> persons with lung disorders or who are sensitized should not use this product		

## SECTION VII - CONTROL MEASURES

Respiratory Protection (Specify Type): Atmospheric levels should be maintained below the exposure limits listed in section II by using engineering controls. Provide adequate exhaust ventilation and/or NIOSH approved cartridge respirator.				
Ventilation	Local Exhaust	To meet PEL requirements.	Special	None Known.
	Mechanical	Adequate to meet PEL requirements.		
Protective Gloves	Recommended.		Eye Protection	Recommended
Other Protective Clothing or Equipment	Use adequate ventilation and dust collection. To minimize exposure, wear a respirator approved for silica dust when using, handling, storing or disposing of this product. Refer to the most recent standards of ANSI (Z88.2), OSHA (29 CFR 1910.134), MSHA (30 CFR Parts 56 and 57), and NIOSH Respirator Decision Logic. Maintain, clean and fit test respirators in accordance with OSHA regulations.			
Work/Hygienic Practices	Avoid creating and breathing dust.			
<b>SECTION VIII - PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE</b>				
Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled	Do not breathe dust. Do not rely on your sight to determine if dust is in the air. Silica may be in the air without a visible dust cloud. Avoid creation of respirable dust			
Waste Disposal Method	Dispose waste material in a sanitary land fill or as regulated by local, state and federal regulations.			
Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storing	Avoid creation of respirable dust. Take precaution against bag breakage.			
Other Precautions	None Known.			
Prepared by	Samet Dy - Urethane Chemist			

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# Material Safety Data Sheet

95 Goodwin Street, East Hartford, CT., 06108 (860) 528-9838

Date Prepared 09/01/2008

## SECTION I - IDENTIFICATION

IDENTITY (As Used on Label)

**Cryl-A-Glaze Resin/ Bio-Pruf®**

COMMON NAME: Acrylate polymers: Glaze Resin-G201, G202, T301, T302, T303

HAZARD RATING	Health	2
0 = Least	Flammability	3
1 = Slight	Reactivity	2
2 = Moderate	Personal Protection	G
3 = High		
4 = Extreme		

## SECTION II - PRODUCT COMPONENTS

COMPONENTS	CAS.#	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	100 ppm	100 ppm
2-Ethylhexyl Acrylate	103-11-7	N.E. <sup>1</sup>	N.E.
2-Hydroxyethyl-p-Toluidine	3077-12-1	N.E.	N.E.
Acrylic Polymer <sup>2</sup>	proprietary	100 ppm	100 ppm
Triethylene Glycol Dimethacrylate	109-16-1	N.E.	N.E.

<sup>1</sup> N.E. = None Established

<sup>2</sup> Acrylate polymers dissolved in methacrylate monomers

Warning: This material is highly flammable. Direct contact can cause severe irritation to the eyes, skin and respiratory tract. Inhalation and skin contact can cause an allergic sensitization. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations can cause headache, nausea, drowsiness and unconsciousness.

T.S.C.A. Status - O.K. on all above components.

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## SECTION III - PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Boiling Point °F	212 (MMA)	Specific Gravity (H <sub>2</sub> O = 1)	approx. 1
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	30 (MMA)	Melting Point	N/A
Vapor Density (AIR = 1)	>1 (MMA)	Evaporation rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	>1
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) = Zero grams/liter			
Solubility in Water	16 g/l (MMA)		
Appearance and Odor	Low viscosity, Moderately turbid fluid with a sweet ester odor		

## SECTION IV - FIRE and EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point (Closed Cup Method)	50 °F	Flammable Limits	LEL 2.10% UEL 12.50%
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Extinguishing Media Use water mist, CO<sub>2</sub>, foam, dry powder or cover with sand

Special Firefighting Procedures

Evacuate enclosed and surrounding areas. If smoke and fumes cannot be avoided, use proximity suit and self-contained breathing apparatus. Use water spray to cool containers and disperse vapors. Keep spills away from sources of ignition. Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

Vapor is heavier than air and forms explosive mixture with air. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near containers or drums (even when empty). Product residue or vapor in drum or container can ignite explosively.

## SECTION V - REACTIVITY DATA

Stability	Unstable	Conditions to Avoid
	Stable	X Keep containers closed when not in use.
Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid)	Reducing agents, Oxidizing agents, solid polymeric particles	
Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts	Thermal decomposition may yield water, oxides of carbon, and acid fumes	
Hazardous Polymerization	May Occur	X Conditions to Avoid: High temperatures, oxygen-free atmospheres, or contaminated areas. Avoid contact with peroxides, azocompounds and redox systems.
	Will Not Occur	

## SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Route(s) of Entry:	Inhalation?	Skin?	Ingestion?
	YES	YES	YES

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure Irritation of skin.

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic)

ACUTE - Irritation of skin and dermatitis.

CHRONIC - Inhalation and skin contact can lead to an allergic respiratory sensitization. Persons may experience rapid irritation of skin upon exposure.

Persons with lung disorders or who are sensitized should not use this product.

Carcinogenicity:	NTP?	IARC Monographs?	OSHA Regulated?
	NO	NO	NO

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure

Conjunctivitis of the eye, dermatitis of the skin, asthma and respiratory diseases.

Emergency and First Aid Procedures

EYES - Flush with water, holding lids open for 15 minutes or more. Call physician for advice if necessary.

SKIN - PROMPTLY wash with soap and water. DO NOT wash with solvents. Seek medical advice if irritation develops or persists.

INHALATION - May cause burns to the respiratory tract. Move person to fresh area if effects occur. If needed, give oxygen or artificial respiration to improve breathing. Consult physician.

INGESTION - Expected to be slightly toxic by ingestion. May cause burns to the gastrointestinal tract. If swallowed, induce vomiting immediately as directed by a physician. Get medical attention immediately.

Never give liquids to an unconscious or convulsing person.

## SECTION VII - CONTROL MEASURES

Respiratory Protection (Specify Type): Atmospheric levels should be maintained below the exposure limits listed in section II by

using engineering controls. Provide adequate exhaust ventilation and/or NIOSH approved cartridge respirator.

Ventilation	Local Exhaust	If needed.	Special	None known.
	Mechanical	Adequate exhaust ventilation must exhaust AWAY from applicator.		

Protective Gloves Natural rubber or Neoprene. Eye Protection Splash goggles or face shield.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment:

Use rubber apron, face shield and appropriate clothing to prevent contact with skin. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated leather shoes and canvas sneakers. Protective skin creams help cleaning with soap and water, gloves must still be worn. An eye wash station or an adequate supply of clean water must be available at work area.

Work/Hygienic Practices Establish good personal hygiene and work practices. Always wash hands and face before eating, drinking or smoking.

## SECTION VIII - PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled: Wear protective equipment to prevent exposure. Stop spill and dike with sand or earth to prevent spreading. Avoid ignition sources. Absorb with sand or other non-flammable absorbent material and transfer to approved DOT drum for recovery or disposal. CERCLA/SARA requires notification of the appropriate Federal, State and Local authorities of releases of hazardous or extremely hazardous quantities equal to or greater than the reportable quantities (RQs)

40 CFR 302.4 and 40 CFR 355. SARA Title 313 requires submission of annual reports of releases of toxic chemicals that appear in 40 CFR 372. Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting are listed in section XII.

Waste Disposal Method: This material is a hazardous waste (as per RCRA) because of its ignitability. Disposal should be conducted by an EPA or (RCRA) permitted Facility. CERCLA Reporting: Methyl Methacrylate (MMA) RQ=1000# SARA Title 313 reporting MMA

Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storing:

Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from sources of ignition. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use.

Other Precautions DO NOT THIN THIS PRODUCT

Prepared By: Samet Dy - Chemist

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# Material Safety Data Sheet

95 Goodwin Street, East Hartford, CT., 06108 (860) 528-9838

Date Prepared 9/1/2008

## SECTION I - IDENTIFICATION

**IDENTITY (As Used on Label)** Cryl-A-Cure  
**COMMON NAME** Benzoyl Peroxide; Dibenzoyl Peroxide; BPO

HAZARD RATING	Health	2
0 = Least	Flammability	2
1 = Slight	Reactivity	2
2 = Moderate	Personal Protection	E
3 = High		
4 = Extreme		

SECTION II - PRODUCT COMPONENTS	CAS.#	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
Benzoyl Peroxide - (BPO)	94-36-0	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Dicyclohexylphthalate	84-61-7	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Benzoyl peroxide is subject to SARA title III, section 313 reporting requirement.

Shipping Description: Organic Peroxide Type D Solid (dibenzoyl peroxide, 50%) 5.2, UN3106, PG II  
North American Emergency Response Guide No. :145

Required Labels: Organic Peroxide.

Environ. Hazardous Substance: This product does not contain an environmentally hazardous substance per 49CFR 172.101 appendix A.

T.S.C.A. Status - O.K. on all above components.

**\*FOR SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, OR ACCIDENT, CALL CHEMTREC 24-HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER 1-800-424-9300\***

## SECTION III - PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Boiling Point °F	N/A	Specific Gravity (H <sub>2</sub> O = 1)	N/A
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	N/A	Melting Point	N/A
Vapor Density (AIR = 1)	N/A	Evaporation rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	N/A
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) = Zero grams/liter		Molecular Weight	242 . 2
Solubility in Water	INSOLUBLE		
Appearance and Odor	White granules with slight odor		

## SECTION IV - FIRE and EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point (Closed Cup Method)	Flammable Limits	LEL	UEL
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Extinguishing Media Use water mist, CO<sub>2</sub>, foam, or dry powder.

Special Firefighting Procedures

Evacuate area and apply water from a safe distance. Spray water on the nearby peroxide containers to prevent overheating. Use self-contained, positive pressure/pressure demand respirators.  
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

Peroxides and decomposition products are flammable and can ignite with explosive force if confined.

## SECTION V - REACTIVITY DATA

Stability	Unstable	X	Conditions to Avoid
	Stable		Keep containers closed when not in use.
Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid)	Peroxides, amines, sulfur compounds, heavy metal ions and alkalis		
Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts	Oxides of Carbon and Biphenyl		
Hazardous Polymerization	May Occur	X	Conditions to Avoid: Hazardous conditions to avoid that could cause decomposition are extensive
	Will Not Occur		heat or contaminated with incompatatabe materials.

## SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Route(s) of Entry: Inhalation? YES Skin? Yes Ingestion? Yes

Health Hazards ACUTE: SKIN:LD50-ND- Not a primary skin irritant or corrosive hazard to skin (based on rabbit tests with 78 % wet BPO

Eyes: Draiz test unknown. Results on rabbits characterized as "Minor reactions" for 50 % paste and Powder. Inhalation: LC50 -ND- at 24.3 mg/l (rats-4-hour exposure) 78% wet BPO was " not a highly toxic substance". Oral: LD50-ND- at 5000 mg/kg level (rats), 78 % wet BPO was deemed "not a toxic substance". LD50 = >15,000 mg/ kg (rat ) for phthtate. OTHER: Mutagenicity- Negative in the ames test for 78 % wet BPO.

Benzoyl peroxide has given negative results in several skin painting studies (mice) and positive results in one such study (mice). The relevance of the positive result, if any, to humans is not known at this time. Persons with skin disorders or impaired respiratory function are at increased risk of exposure.

**Effects of Over exposure:** DERMAL: Prolonged skin contact may cause skin irritation, redness and excessive dryness. EYE: Contact may cause eye irritation. Repeated exposure may cause conjunctivitis. INHALATION: May cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs, cough and dyspnea. INGESTION: May cause abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

### Emergency and First Aid Procedures

EYES - Flush with water, holding lids open for 15 minutes or more. Call physician for advice.

SKIN - PROMPTLY wash with soap and water. DO NOT wash with solvents. Seek medical advice if irritation develops or persists.

INHALATION - Move person to fresh area if effects occur. If needed, give oxygen or artificial respiration to improve breathing . Consult physician.

INGESTION - If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Give plenty of water. Contact poison control center Get medical attention immediately. Never give liquids to an unconscious or convulsing person.

OTHER HEALTH EFFECTS - Medical conditions which may be aggravated by exposure to this product include, conjunctivitis of the eye, dermatitis of the skin, asthma and respiratory diseases.

## SECTION VII - CONTROL MEASURES

Respiratory Protection (Specify Type): Atmospheric levels should be maintained below the exposure limits listed in section II by

using engineering controls. Provide adequate exhaust ventilation and/or NIOSH/MSHA Approved respirator for nuisance dust.

Ventilation	Local Exhaust	If needed.	Special	None known.
	Mechanical	Adequate exhaust ventilation must exhaust AWAY from applicator.		

Protective Gloves Natural rubber or Neoprene. Eye Protection Splash goggles or face shield.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment

Use rubber apron, face shield and appropriate clothing to prevent contact with skin. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated leather shoes and canvas sneakers. Protective skin creams help cleaning with soap and water, gloves must still be worn. An eye wash station or an adequate supply of clean water must be available at work area.

Work/Hygienic Practices Establish good personal hygiene and work practices. Always wash hands and face before eating, drinking or smoking.

## SECTION VIII - PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

Do not store near combustibles. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe dust. Keep container closed. Empty container may contain hazardous residues.

Use explosion proof equipment

Keep away from all sources of heat and ignition such as radiators, steam pipes and direct sunlight.

Waste Disposal Method: Dispose in accordance with Federal, State and Local requirements.

Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storing:

Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from sources of ignition. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use.

Other Precautions More information may be found in NFPA bulletin 43B "Storage of Organic Peroxide Formulations".

Prepared By: Samet Dy - Chemist

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# Material Safety Data Sheet

95 Goodwin Street, East Hartford, CT., 06108 (860) 528-9838

Date Prepared 9/1/2008

## SECTION I - IDENTIFICATION

IDENTITY (As Used on Label) Dur-A-Chips/ Cryl-A-Chips

COMMON NAME Paint Flakes

HAZARD RATING 0 = Least 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = High 4 = Extreme	Health	1
	Flammability	0
	Reactivity	0
	Personal Protection	A

## SECTION II - PRODUCT COMPONENTS

CAS.#	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
Ethylene Glycol 107-21-1	NE <sup>1</sup>	50ppm

<sup>1</sup>None Established

T.S.C.A. Status - O.K. on all components

**\*FOR SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, OR ACCIDENT, CALL CHEMTREC 24-HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER 1-800-424-9300\***

## SECTION III - PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Boiling Point	N/A	Specific Gravity (H <sub>2</sub> O = 1)	2.5
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	N/A	Melting Point	N/A
Vapor Density (AIR = 1)	N/A	Evaporation rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	N/A

Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) = Zero grams/liter

Solubility in Water Insoluble

Appearance and Odor Various colored flakes.

## SECTION IV - FIRE and EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point (Closed Cup Method)	N/A	Flammable Limits	LEL	UEL
			N/A	N/A

Extinguishing Media Water or carbon dioxide

Special Firefighting Procedures

Use respiratory masks to remove smoke and organic vapors.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

When polymer burns, water, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and smoke are produced.

## SECTION V - REACTIVITY DATA

Stability	Unstable	Conditions to Avoid
	Stable	X Sulfuric acid and alkali materials .

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid) None known

Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts Upon burning - acetic acid, acetaldehyde, carbon dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerization	May Occur	Conditions to Avoid
	Will Not Occur	X None known

## SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Route(s) of Entry:	Inhalation?	Skin?	Ingestion?
	Yes	No	Possible

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure Bronchial irritation.

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic)

No toxic effects have been noted from inhalation or ingestion in animals with exposure. Human health effects of overexposure may include a respiratory irritation with cough and shortness of breath. Individuals with pre-existing lung diseases may react more to over-exposure.

Carcinogenicity:	NTP?	IARC Monographs?	OSHA Regulated?
	No	No	No

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure

May aggravate pre-existing respiratory conditions.

Emergency and First Aid Procedures

Wash dust from the skin with soap and water. Flush out eyes with generous amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. See a physician if necessary.

## SECTION VII - CONTROL MEASURES

Respiratory Protection (Specify Type)

Provide adequate exhaust ventilation; use a NIOSH approved respirator if PELs/TLVs are exceeded.

Ventilation	Local Exhaust	Use when needed.	Special	None
	Mechanical	Not usually required.		

Protective Gloves Not usually required. Eye Protection Safety glasses.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment

Use a dust mask in a dusty environment.

Work/Hygienic Practices Nothing unusual. Avoid dust.

## SECTION VIII - PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled

Not a RCRA listed hazardous waste. Sweep up and/or shovel or use a vacuum to clean up spillage.

Deposit into covered container for disposal.

Waste Disposal Method

Dispose of according to Federal, State, or local regulations. If approved, remove to land disposal area.

Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storing

In case of skin contact, the compound is not likely to be hazardous but cleaning the skin after use is advisable.

Other Precautions None known

Prepared by Samet Dy - Urethane Chemist

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